

TMLL

Trace-Server Machine Learning Library

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What is Trace Compass?



Trace Compass is a tool for solving performance and reliability issues by analyzing system traces, providing user-friendly views, graphs, and metrics.



What is a Trace?



Structure (example)

[Timestamp] [Process ID] [Thread ID] [Location] Additional Data

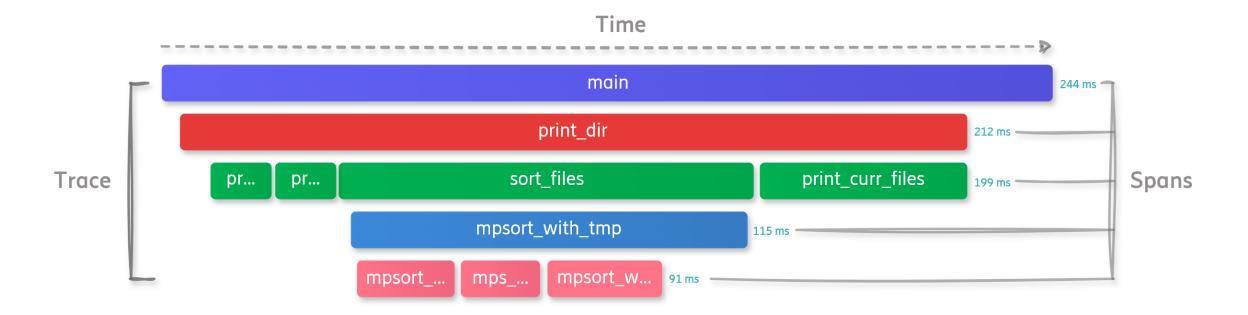


Example

```
2024-10-28T10:00:00Z [PID: 54300] [Thread ID: 1] [main: 10] Entering function main
2024-10-28T10:00:01Z [PID: 54300] [Thread ID: 1] [print_dir:20] Entering function print_dir
2024-10-28T10:00:02Z [PID: 54300] [Thread ID: 1] [sort_files:30] Entering function sort_files
2024-10-28T10:00:03Z [PID: 54300] [Thread ID: 1] [sort_files:30] Exiting function sort_files
2024-10-28T10:00:03Z [PID: 54300] [Thread ID: 1] [print_curr_files:40] Entering function print_curr_files
2024-10-28T10:00:04Z [PID: 54300] [Thread ID: 1] [print_curr_files:40] Exiting function print_curr_files
2024-10-28T10:00:04Z [PID: 54300] [Thread ID: 1] [print_dir:20] Exiting function print_dir
2024-10-28T10:00:05Z [PID: 12902] [Thread ID: 2] [mp_sort_with_tmp:50] Entering function mp_sort_with_tmp
2024-10-28T10:00:06Z [PID: 12902] [Thread ID: 3] [mp_sort_inner:60] Entering function mp_sort_inner
2024-10-28T10:00:06Z [PID: 12902] [Thread ID: 3] [mp_sort_inner:60] Exiting function mp_sort_inner
2024-10-28T10:00:07Z [PID: 12902] [Thread ID: 2] [mp_sort_with_tmp:50] Exiting function mp_sort_with_tmp
2024-10-28T10:00:07Z [PID: 54300] [Thread ID: 1] [main:10] Exiting function main
```



Visual





What is Trace Server?



An open-source tool for analyzing logs and traces, enabling users to interact via client-side wrappers in Python and TypeScript, and providing various analyses and outputs without requiring direct use of Trace Compass.





Almost 40 Various analyses based for both user-space and kernel trace data

- CPU and thread performance
- Disk I/O performance
- Memory usage and latency
- Event analysis
- Function call analysis
- Futex contention analysis (i.e., synchronizations)
- IRQ analysis (i.e., interrupts)
- Scheduler latencies
- System call analysis

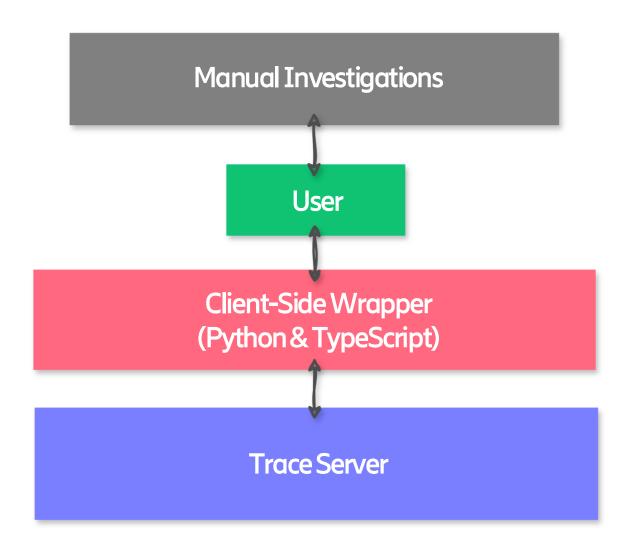




- Identifying performance bottlenecks
 - CPU usage, disk I/O view, memory usage, scheduler and system call latency
- Diagnosing synchronization issues
 - Futex contention and IRQ latency
- Analyzing system and application behavior
 - Events table, flame chart call stack, thread and resources statuses
- Optimizing memory usage
 - Memory usage, memory latency
- Detailed latency analysis
 - Futex contentions, IRQ, schedulers, system calls, call stack

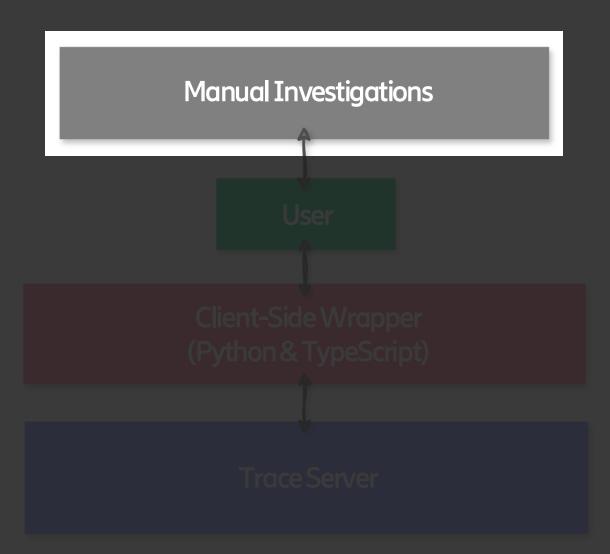


What is the procedure right now?



What is the procedure right now?





Issues and Downsides

Trace Server

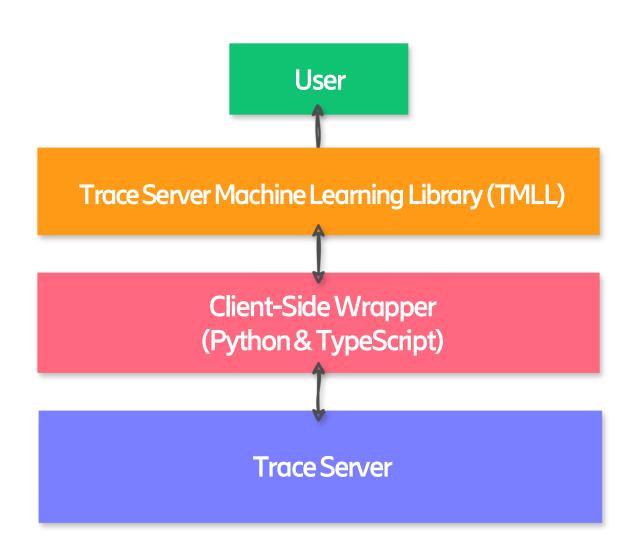
- User should know How to Get
- User should know What to Get

AI/ML

- User should know What to Use
- User should know How to Use
- User should know How to Analyze

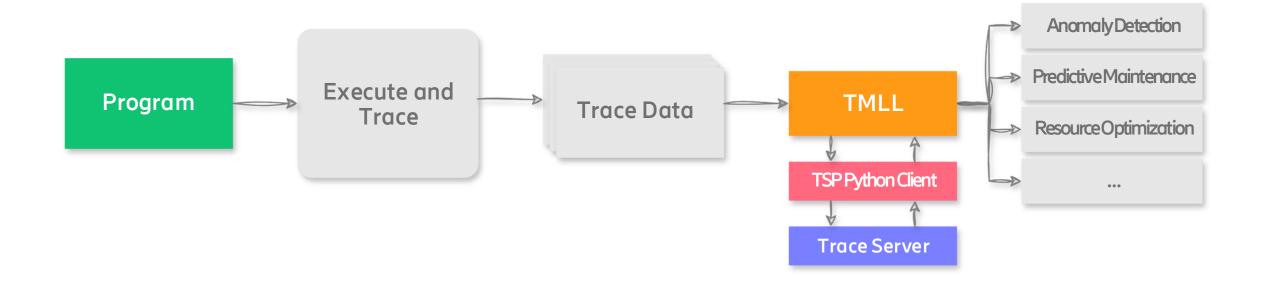


What are we proposing?



TMLL Overview









Anomaly Detection

- Identify unusual patterns in system
- Provide potential regions of interest

Predictive Maintenance

- Predict and prevent system failures
- Done in real-time analysis scenarios

Resource Optimization

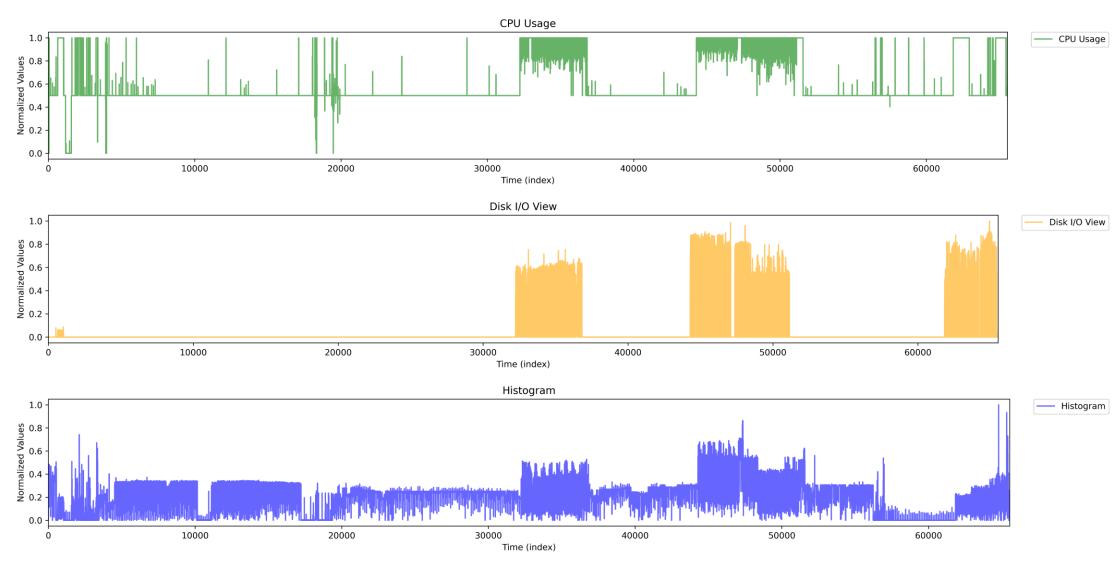
- Optimize system resource allocation
- Analyze which areas can be optimized

Performance Trend Analysis

- Understand long-term performance trends
- Provide statistical insights on how system evolves

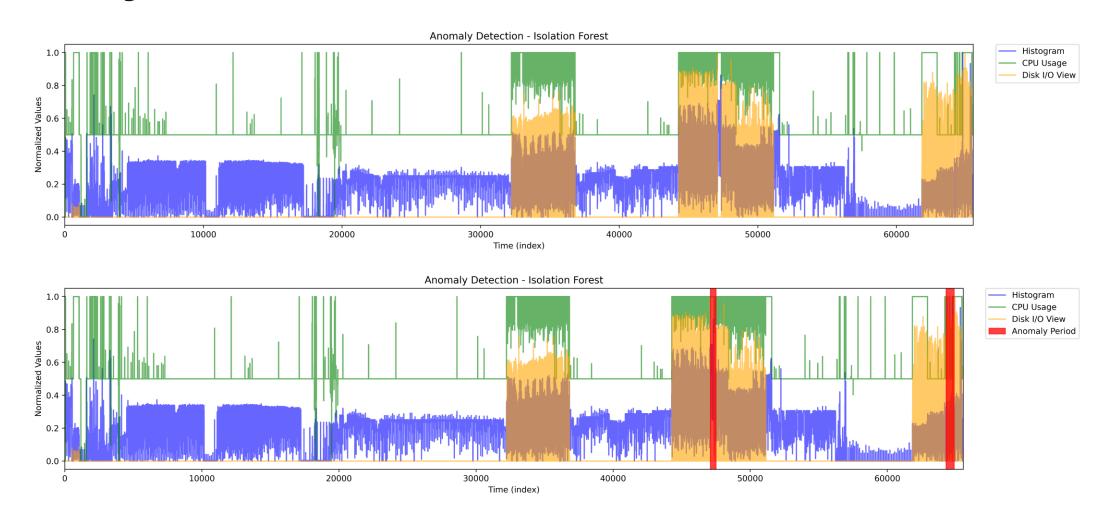
Anomaly Detection





Anomaly Detection (cont'd)

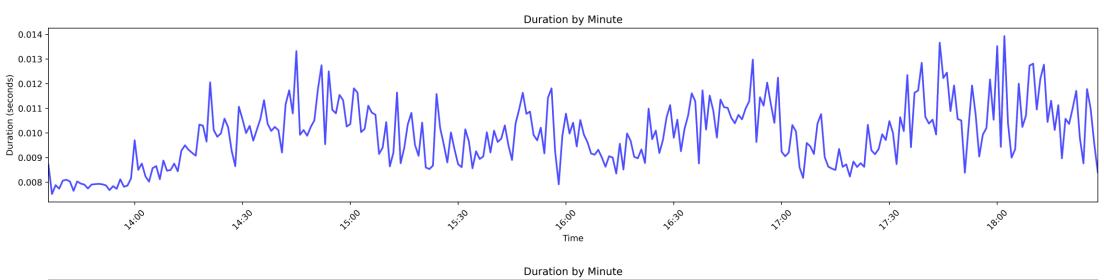


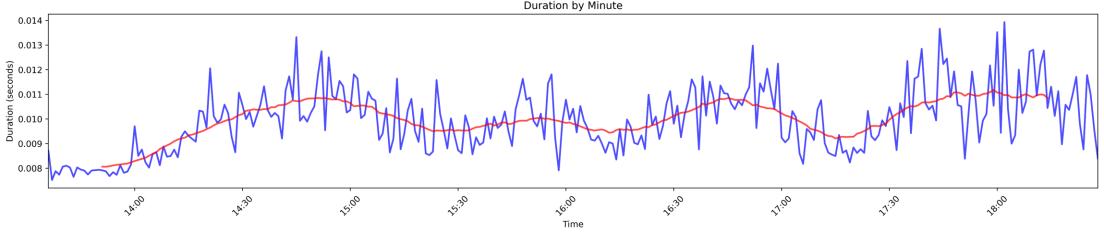


Potential Anomaly Period 1: 2024-04-24 02:13:**11.196**169984 to 2024-04-24 02:13:**11.210**216704 Potential Anomaly Period 2: 2024-04-24 02:13:**11.783**877888 to 2024-04-24 02:13:**11.804**144640



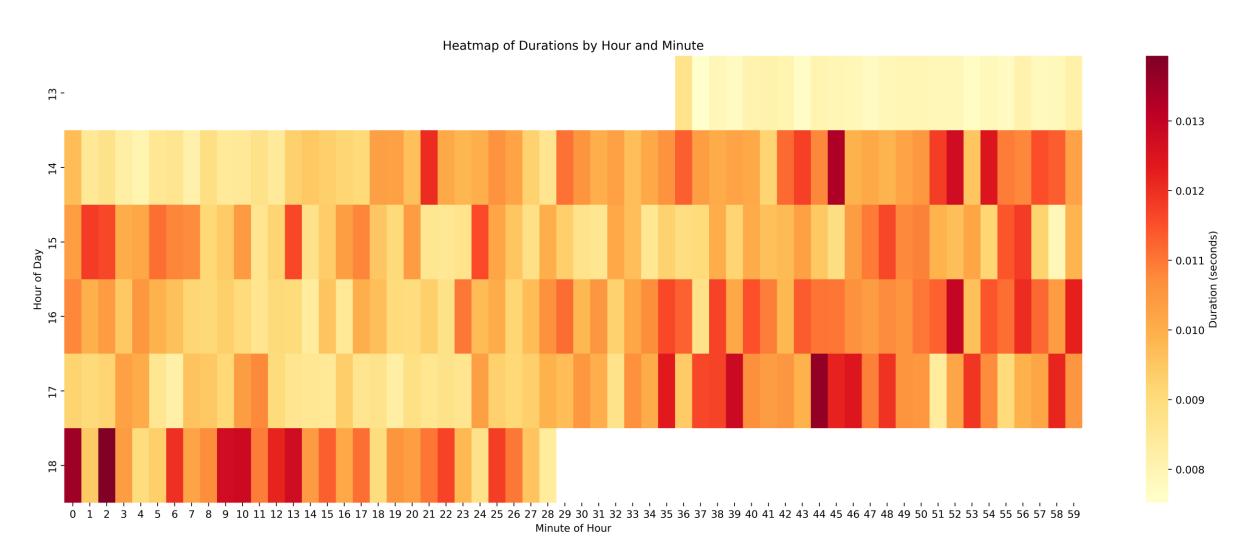






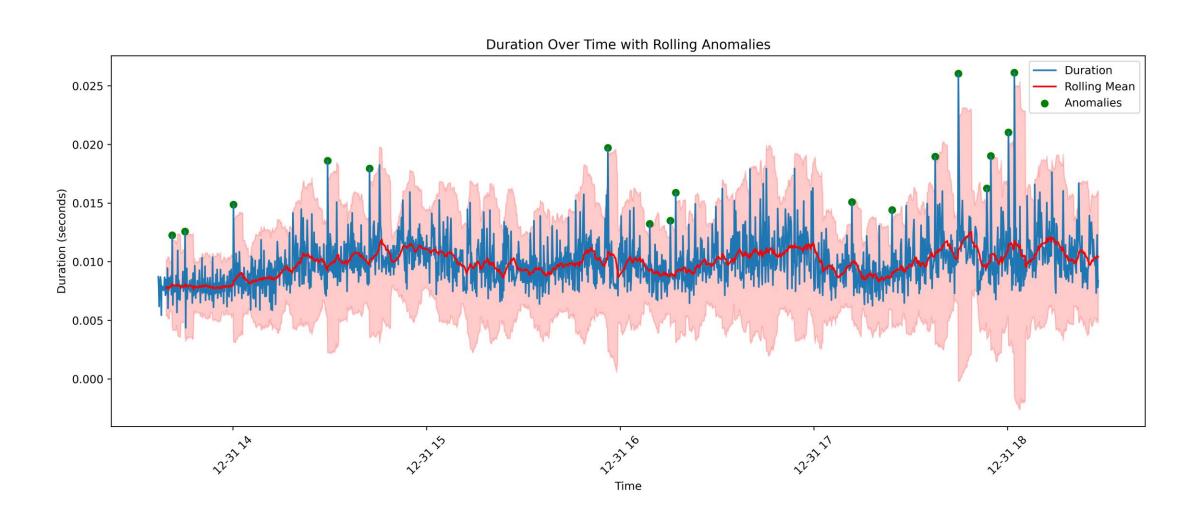
Seasonality Analysis (cont'd)





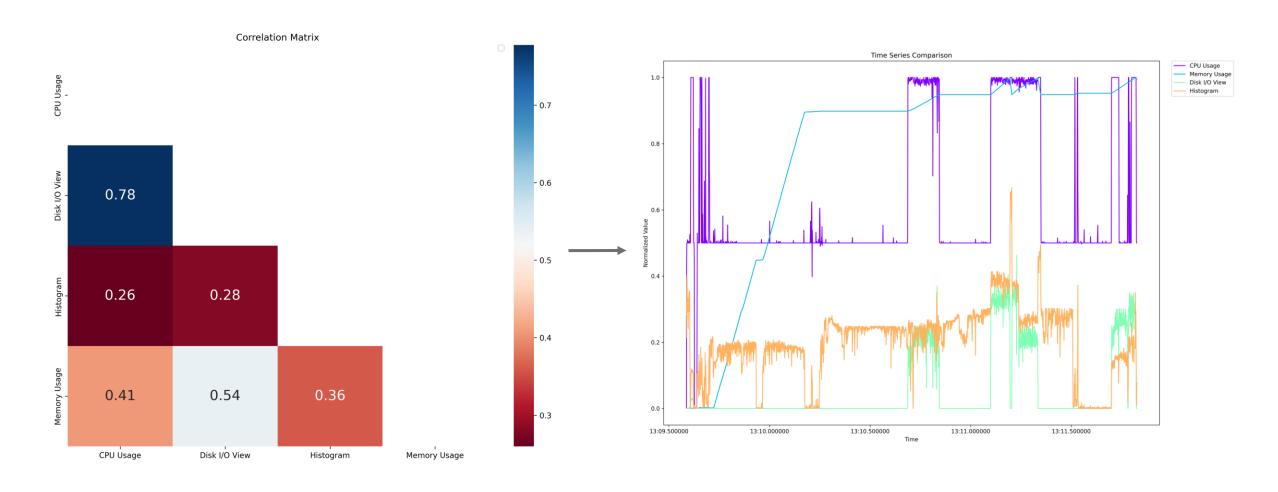
Seasonality Analysis (cont'd)





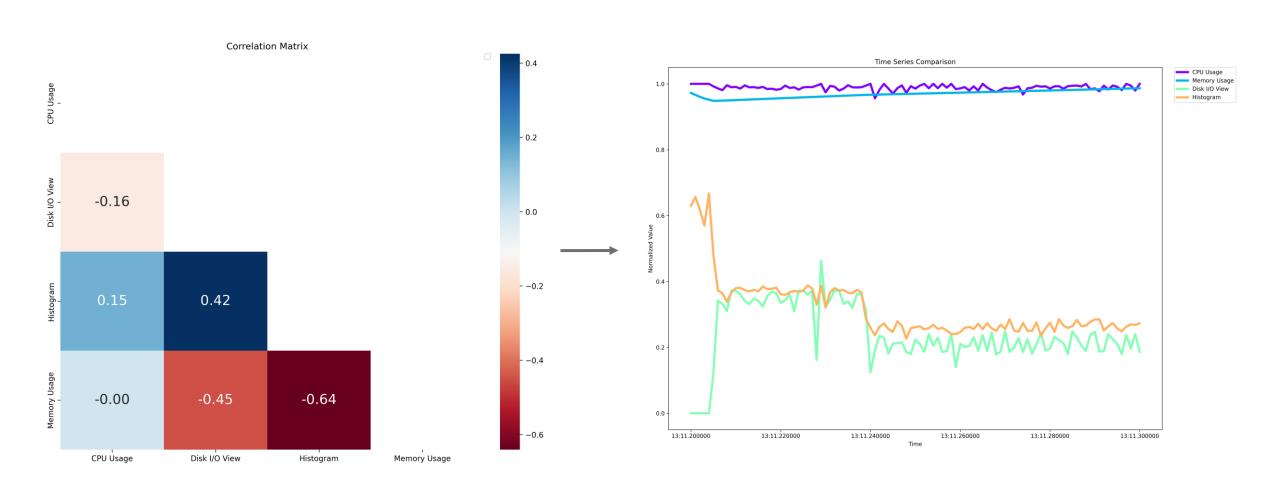






Correlation Analysis (cont'd)



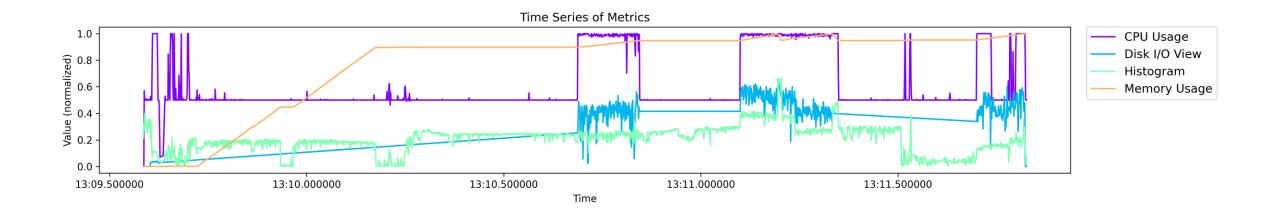


Start: 2024-04-24 02:13:**11.200**

End: 2024-04-24 02:13:**11.300**

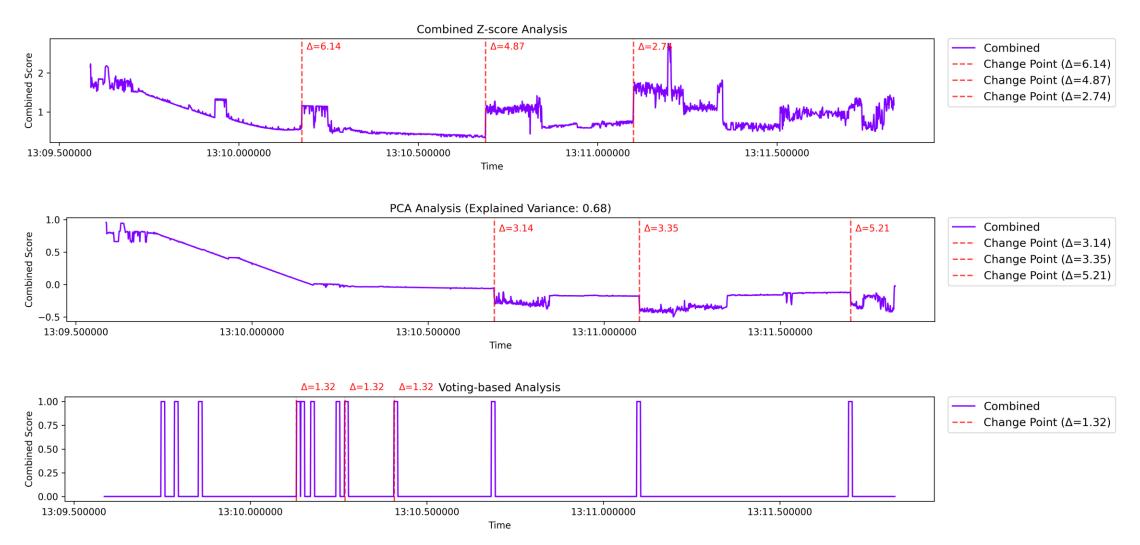
Change Point Detection















```
from tmll.ml.modules.anomaly_detection import AnomalyDetection

# Initializing
anomaly_detection = AnomalyDetection(client=client)

# Processing the module
anomaly_detection.process(method='iforest', window_size=100)

# Plotting
anomaly_detection.plot()
```

